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Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMUNICATIONS Washington, D.C. 20554

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In the Matter of	/ COLA
Implementation of the Subscriber Carrier) FEBRUAL COMMANDICATIONS COMMANDENCE) OF THE SECRETARY
Selection Changes Provisions of the)
Telecommunications Act of 1996)
) CC Docket No. 94-129
Policies and Rules Concerning)
Unauthorized Changes of Consumers)
by Long Distance Carriers)

REPLY OF THE RURAL LECs

The Rural LECs¹ hereby submit their Reply to the Comments filed in response to the Interexchange Carrier (IXC) Joint Petition for Waiver and Motion for extension of the effective date of the Federal Communications Commission's ("FCC" or "Commission") slamming liability rules.² The Joint Petition proposed a "Third Party Administrator" ("TPA) alternative to the FCC's rules for investigating complaints of unauthorized carrier changes or "slamming" and for directing reimbursement if slamming was found to have occurred.

The Rural LECs filed comments on the Joint Petition in which they agreed, in principle, with a neutral third party administrator, assuming it provided a "more efficient and customer-friendly" mechanism for resolving slamming complaints and served as "a clearing house for amounts owed between carriers." The Rural LECs also agreed that the Commission should extend the effective date of the liability provisions until a more workable process could be put

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¹ The Rural LECs are a coalition of small, rural local exchange carriers (LECs), some of which also operate affiliated, small IXCs.

² Common Carrier Bureau Public Notice released April 8, 1999, DA 99-683.

³ Rural LECs at 1-2.

in place,4 provided that LECs be permitted to continue verification of carrier changes.

The majority of commenters agree with the Rural LECs' conclusion that the TPA alternative proposed by the Petitioners falls far short of an acceptable alternative. Therefore the Commission should not grant the requested waiver, at least in its present form.

I. PETITIONERS FAIL TO PROVIDE CRITICAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE TPA

There is support among parties filing comments for the concept of a central administrator for processing slamming complaints. However, most commenters expressed serious reservations about Petitioners' proposal. The most prevalent criticism is that Petitioners have not provided enough information on the operation of the proposed TPA to assess it.⁵

Cost Information

Specifically, the proposal does not provide information on the cost of the TPA system, including how it would be funded.⁶

The only reference to cost in the petition is the plan to charge slammers up to \$50 on a per-complaint basis....Petitioners give no clue as to the overall costs of the TPA proposal, how much of these costs would be recouped by the per-complaint charge, how much of an annual assessment would be assessed on participants, how this assessment would be levied, and whether the processing charge would be assessed in those cases in which the TPA concludes no slam has taken place, and if so, on whom.⁷

What is clear is that the TPA imposes additional costs on carriers, in particular executing

⁴ "[S]omething in the nature of a liability administration process different from the Commission's proposal is clearly necessary." U S WEST at 6. See also GTE at 2, Bell Atlantic at 4.

⁵ GTE at 2 and 9, Cincinnati Bell at 2, SBC at 2, USTA at 5, Ameritech at 2, 5.

⁶ GTE at 3-4, Cincinnati Bell at 2, NARUC at 4, SBC at 9, U S WEST at 2, USTA at 4-5, Ameritech at 2.

⁷ Ameritech at 2, n. 3.

carriers, without providing them with a means of recovering those costs.

"Executing carriers would have to make mandated system enhancements, train customer representatives, and implement work solutions to support customer transfers to the TPA" among other things. ILEC executing carriers' obligations would be substantially increased under the proposed TPA because they would be required to: change back customers per the TPA's instructions, "hot transfer" complaints to the TPA, implement instructions to stop collections, and ensure that carrier changes are correctly credited to users and billed to slammers. There is also no cost justification for charging a \$50 per-complaint fee. 10

Aside from imposing additional costs on executing carriers, the TPA proposal imposes a burden on these carriers in that they must demonstrate that they are not the cause of an unauthorized carrier change.¹¹

Operational Information

The TPA proposal also fails to address important operational issues.¹² For example, there is little information on the mechanisms that LECs would have to develop in connection with the TPA's operation.¹³ And those mechanisms are numerous.¹⁴

⁸ GTE at 5.

⁹ USTA at 4. See also Ameritech at 3.

¹⁰ SBC at 9-10.

¹¹ Ameritech at 4, n.7, SBC at 5.

¹² USTA at 5, GTE at 5, Cincinnati Bell at 2, Ameritech at 2.

¹³ USTA at 5.

¹⁴ Ameritech at 5.

Mandatory Participation

Carriers that do not voluntarily participate in the TPA are nonetheless subject to its processes by virtue of being a party to a slamming complaint (whether as the alleged slammer, the authorized carrier or the executing carrier). Therefore, the proposal is not "voluntary" as Petitioners claim.¹⁵

Favors IXCs

Another common complaint about the organizational structure of the TPA is that it favors IXCs over LECs.¹⁶ As numerous parties point out, IXCs and their organizations constitute a majority of the Board of Directors that controls the "neutral" TPA. This, they fear, will result in bias in favor of IXCs and against LECs in all aspects of the TPA's operation.¹⁷

The TPA Proposal Will Not Stop Customers from complaining to LECs About Slamming, Nor Deter Slamming

Petitioners claim that the TPA will reduce the burden on LECs because it will provide a central administrator to receive slamming complaints, instead of the LEC. However, as Rural LECs and other parties have noted, this is not likely to occur. LEC customers, particularly those in small, rural communities, will continue to contact their LEC when a slamming question arises. Therefore, under a TPA plan, these customers would be directed by their LEC to call

¹⁵ Ameritech at 3.

¹⁶ Ameritech at 5-6, USTA at 5-6, Bell Atlantic at 5, GTE at 8, Cincinnati Bell at 2, U S WEST at 2.

Parties also note that there was little input from LECs into the TPA proposal itself. See USTA at 3.

¹⁸ SBC at 7, U S WEST at 3, n.5.

the TPA to register their complaint. Subscribers will thus continue to hold LECs responsible, with the resulting continued expense and loss of good will. Instead of deterring slamming, the proposal will create a bureaucracy with a vested interest in a continued high level of slamming.

Unauthorized Ouasi-Regulatory Body

Inasmuch as participation is in fact mandatory, the TPA would become a quasi-regulatory body. Yet, Petitioners cite no legal authority for grant of such broad authority, especially via waiver. The Commission should address its authority to designate a private industry body to: adjudicate slamming complaints, assess costs and fees, direct reimbursements or credits, etc. 19 The TPA would be unlike other telecommunications industry associations such as the National Exchange Carrier Association, because it wold have authority over non-members.

The maximum \$50 per complaint processing fee charged to "participating" carriers was opposed as invalid on the basis that the Commission would have no oversight over the fee and as an unreasonable amount for processing a slamming complaint. Western Iowa Telephone Association at 6.

II. THE RURAL LECS DO NOT OPPOSE STAY OF THE SLAMMING LIABILITY RULES PROVIDED THEY ARE PERMITTED TO VERIFY CARRIER CHANGES, AT LEAST IN THE INTERIM

If the Commission concludes it can resolve the issues set forth above in a reasonable period of time, then the Rural LECs do not object to postponing the effective date of the liability rules, with the essential caveat described below. However, because the reduction in slamming anticipated by the Commission will not occur, LECs and their subscribers will continue to be victims of slamming.

Therefore, if the FCC extends the effective date or stays its slamming liability rules, it should also extend the effective date of the verification rules and rescind its finding with respect to Section 222(b). Under the FCC slamming Order²⁰, executing carriers that verify carrier change requests are subject to penalties for violation of Section 222(b) of the Communications Act as amended, which restricts use of proprietary information obtained from another carrier.²¹ Therefore, if the Commission delays its liability rules, it should stay its verification rules, because LEC verification is the one proven way to prevent slamming. And if the verification rules are stayed, the Commission should simultaneously rescind its finding with respect to Section 222(b).

When a more fully developed, workable TPA is presented, the Commission should consider it in the context of a rulemaking, not a waiver. A rulemaking would afford the public adequate notice and opportunity for analysis and comment. Instead, the Commission is

²⁰ Second Report and Order and Further Notice Of Proposed Rulemaking, CC Docket No. 94-129, released Dec. 23, 1998.

The Commission has before it a Petition for Reconsideration filed by the National Telephone Cooperative Association refuting its analysis that executing carrier verification violates Section 222(b).

considering whether to delegate regulatory authority for overseeing thousands of complaints via the waiver process.²² Given the enormity of the slamming problem, the public should have considerably more than a week to digest an alternative slamming complaint and reimbursement process.

At the very least, the Commission should waive its <u>ex parte</u> rules in this matter to ensure greater participation by affected parties - consumers and carriers.

III. CONCLUSION

The commenters overwhelmingly conclude that the Commission does not have enough information on the workings of the proposed TPA to pass judgement on it. They recommend that the Commission seek input on a more detailed, neutral, less cumbersome and more consumer-friendly proposal than that put forth by Petitioners. Congress's objective in legislating against slamming and the FCC's objective in "beefing up" its anti-slamming rules was to deter slamming. If the FCC delays the slamming liability rules, it should also rescind its prohibition of executing carrier verification, which was extremely effective in deterring slamming.²³

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April 26, 1999

²³ Rural LECs and the National Telephone Cooperative Association (NTCA) have filed Petitions for Reconsideration of the Commission's slamming rules seeking reversal of its prohibition against executing carrier verification.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Shelley Bryce, of Kraskin, Lesse & Cosson, LLP, 2120 L Street, NW, Suite 520, Washington, DC 20037, hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing "Reply of the Rural LECs", was served this 26th day of April, 1999, by first class, U.S. Mail, postage prepaid to the following parties:

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